## Welcome!



Be your Company's

CYBER HERO



TECHNOLOGY SOLUTIONS



## **Cyber Liability Insurance Overview**

- Incident Response Plan
- Structure of Cyber Liability Insurance
- Data Covered by Cyber Insurance
- Risk Assessment



## **Incident Roadmap:**

The following is a checklist of some of the activities that may be appropriate for your business to undertake in the event of a data breach.



- RESPONSE Determine if the event is a real incident; implement your Incident Response Plan. You may want to contact a third-party security expert and/or Breach Coach® to offer some guidance or suggestions.
- LAW ENFORCEMENT If the event is real, consider contacting law enforcement.



- BREACH NOTICE LAWS Contact Legal Counsel who specializes in data breaches.
- FORENSICS & BREACH INVESTIGATION Following a network/data breach event, a company often chooses to engage third-party experts to assist with investigation and remediation, such as determining the facts around the data breach incident and understanding the extent of the event.

- CREDIT MONITORING SERVICES Many organizations that have suffered a data breach or leak incident offer customers credit monitoring services.
- **LEGAL HELP** You may wish to engage a lawyer with experience in security and privacy compliance issues to assist in your defense and the interpretation of various state and federal regulations that may have been triggered following a data breach event.

- INSURANCE CLAIM Notify your broker or your insurance company
   Claims Representative.
- PUBLIC RELATIONS You may need to engage a skilled public relations specialist to help communicate publicly about any breach and deal with the press.



#### **First Party Loss**

- Breach Coach
- Computer Forensic Services Determine the existence and cause of breach; PCI Forensic Investigator; Demonstrate prevention of future breach
- Legal Service



### First Party Loss

- Notification Services
- Call Center Services
- Breach Resolution and Mitigation Services Credit Monitoring, Identity
   Monitoring and Fraud Resolution



#### **First Party Loss**

- Public Relations and Crisis Management
- Cyber Extortion
- Business Interruption / Extra Expense and Data Restoration



#### **Third Party Loss**

- Network Security and Privacy Liability
- Regulatory Defense and Penalties
- Multimedia Liability
- PCI Fines, Assessments and Penalties



## Design of Cyber Liability Insurance

#### **Issues to Consider**

- There is no Standard Policy offered in the Insurance Industry
- Insurer Consent: Pre-tender Costs; Reasonable Costs; Statement of Work
- Shared or Separate 1<sup>st</sup> and 3<sup>rd</sup> Party Limits of Liability



### **Design of Cyber Liability Insurance**

#### **Issues to Consider**

- Review (Beware) of Sub-limits
- Voluntary Notification
- Notification # of Records or Limit of Liability
- Business Interruption What "Triggers" Coverage? What is the Period of Recovery? Waiting Period

## **Design of Cyber Liability Insurance**

#### **Issues to Consider**

- Legal Liability versus Contractual Liability Who owns the data?
- Regulatory Defense only or Defense, Civil Fines and Penalties
- Breach Vendors Who's Who & Who's Choice



## Data Covered by Cyber Liability Insurance

#### **Confidential Information means**

- Personal Identifiable Information ("PII")
- Nonpublic Personal Information as defined by Gramm-Leach-Bliley
- Protected Health Information ("PHI") or Electronic Health Information as defined by HIPPA



## Data Covered by Cyber Liability Insurance

#### **Confidential Information means**

- Information used for authenticating or uniquely identifying an individual or customer
- Corporate Confidential Information trade secrets, data, designs, methods, records, formulas and other information not available to the general public in an Insured's or Information Holder's care, custody and control.

- What type of information do you handle?
  - Your own company (including employees)
  - Your clients (Private personal or commercial)
- Number of Records Stored (unique PII)
- How is Personally Identifiable Information stored within the network?



- Are any of the following encrypted: Database Systems; Business Applications; Servers; Desktops; Laptops; Mobile Devices?
- Are intrusion detection systems employed?
- Are network security assessments / penetration tests conducted? If so, how often and what are the results?

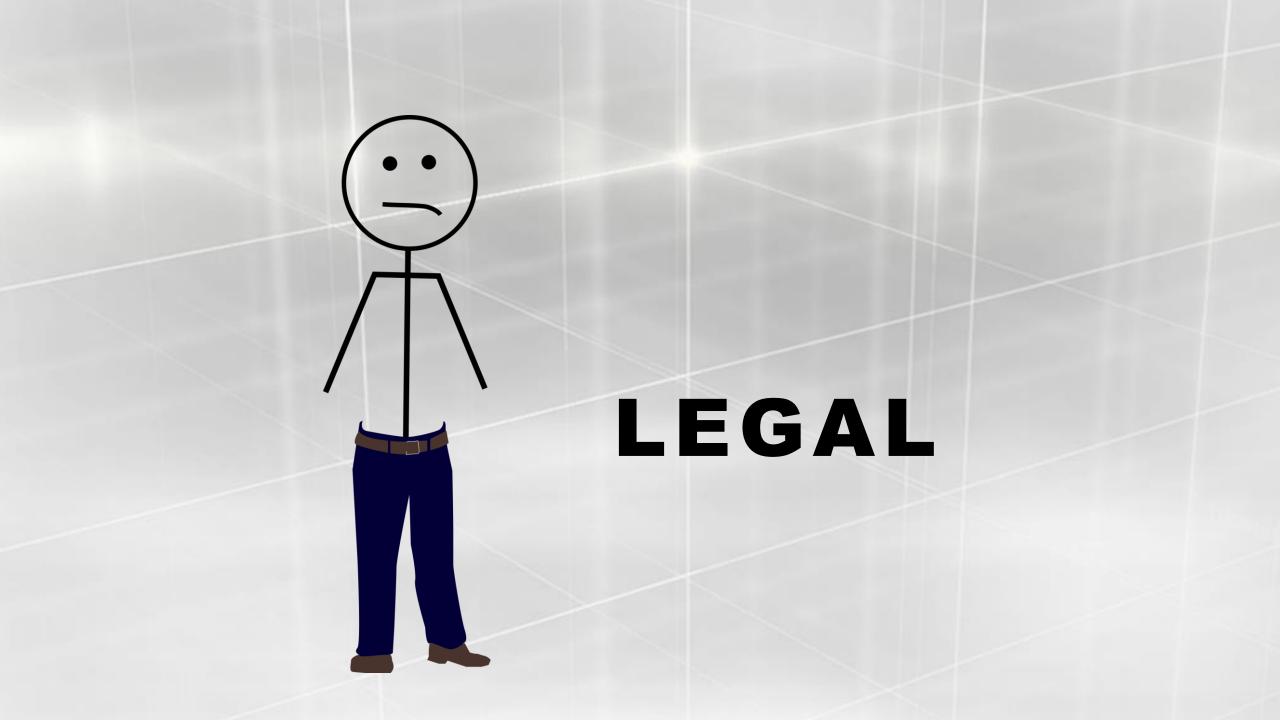


- Credit Card transactions? Are you PCI compliant? Review Merchant
   Services Agreement for Contractual Liability assumed
- Discuss IT vendors and independent contractors. Are they required to show proof of Network Security / E&O insurance?



- Could revenue be affected by a network outage?
  - Do you have a Business Continuity Plan and/or Disaster Recovery Plan in place? How often is the BCP updated and reviewed?
- Are anti-virus, anti-spam systems employed and continually updated?





#### **Information Risk Assessment**

#### Seeks to identify and prioritize risks to your information assets:

- Broader than an assessment of IT, as it considers full range of information, including paper, intangible, etc.
- Should be tailored to your company's unique risk thresholds and environment



#### **Information Asset Risk Assessment Questions**

- Do you know what information your company has?
- Can you identify your company's risk thresholds across a variety of domains?
- What threats are you forgetting?



#### **Risk Assessment Lessons Learned**

- An IT assessment / penetration test/ vulnerability scan is great, but it only answers some of the important questions
- You do not know where all your data is
- Watch out for "probabilities": they are generally subjective at best
- Be careful of "mitigation bias"



Plan tailored to your organizations unique risks and management structure which provides guidance in:

- Incident recognition
- Command structure
- Communications structure
- Team membership
- Standard Operating Procedures



## **Incident Response Plan Questions**

In your organization, what is an "INCIDENT?"

## Incident Response Plan Questions

- In your organization, what is an "INCIDENT?"
- Generally, an incident requires quick decisions which may have lasting impacts:
  - Who makes tactical decisions?
  - Who makes strategic decisions?



## Incident Response Plan Questions

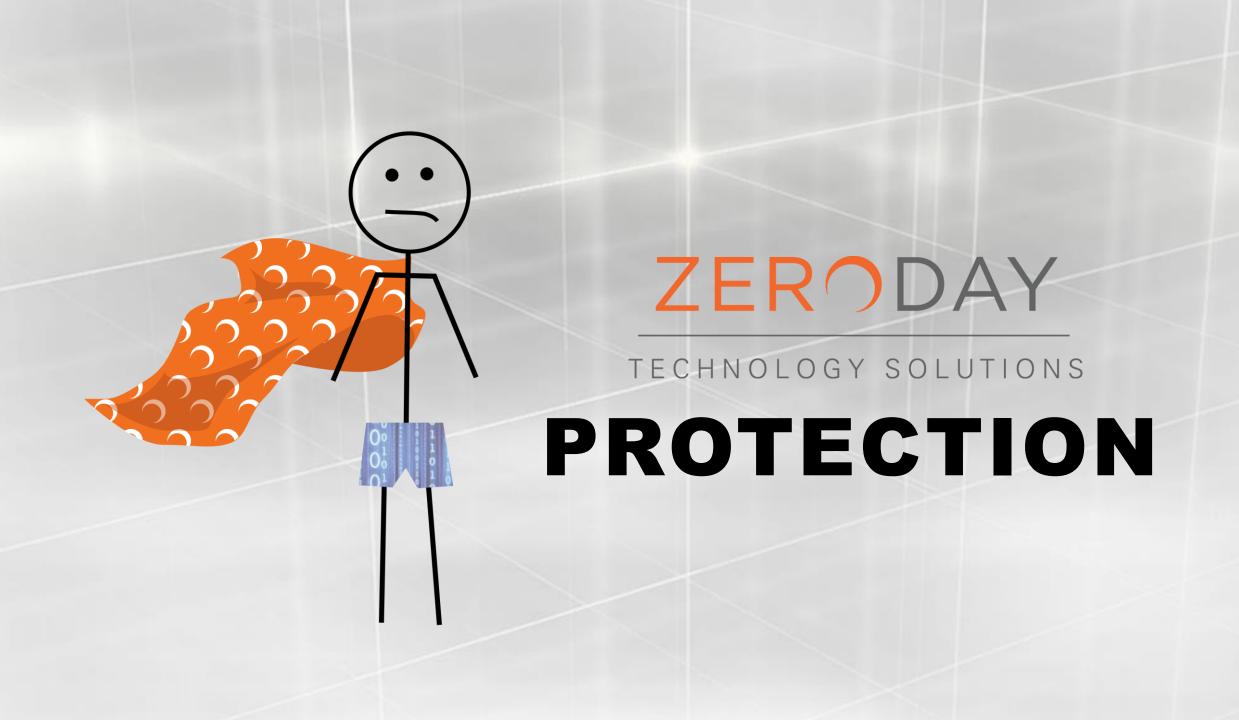
- When an incident occurs, who is to be notified first? Second?
- Who handles investigatory forensics? Crisis communications?
  Employee communications?



## Incident Response Lessons Learned

- First reports are <u>always</u> inaccurate
- Utilizing internal IT is not a best practice
- External help may be hard to find on short notice
- Lots of "noise" for decision makers to filter





## What is The Greatest Security Threat To Your Company?





# Why Are Cyber Attackers Coming After You?





## What Can You Do To Protect Your Company?





## THREE SIMPLE ACTIONS TO PROTECT YOUR COMPANY



## 1) Employee Awareness and Education

- 1. Put a Program Together
- 2. Passwords
- 3. Email Policy
- 4. Web Usage Discussion



## 2) Have an Assessment Performed

- 1. People
- 2. Process
- 3. Technology



## 3) Have a PLAN

- 1. Who do you call?
- 2. When and What do you communicate?
- 3. How do you continue operating?



## We've Got you Covered

